

## Milling Machine Brake (MMC)

**User Manual** 



Note: The image above represents one particular configuration of this product though this manual can be used for multiple product configurations.

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\*\* Optional configuration

### Introduction

### Application

The MAKESafe Milling Machine Control (MMC) is a safety device that provides the following safety functions to a milling machine:

- restart protection (spindle)
- emergency stop (spindle)
- short-circuit protection
- motor overload protection (spindle)
- some models also include:
  - restart protection (power feeds)
  - $\circ~$  emergency stop (power feeds)

### **Specifications**

Each MMC is built-to-order to meet the voltage, horsepower, and accessory requirements of a specific customer application. To obtain the ratings of your specific MMC, refer to the ratings label on the panel itself. The label will be located on the exterior side of the panel and/or the inside of the panel lid.

> CUUS LISTED ENCLOSED INDUSTRIAL CONTROL PANEL No. F 75320852



### <u>Compatibility</u>

This safety device is designed specifically for a "Bridgeport-Style" milling machine. If your milling machine is different - please contact us and we'll help determine if the device is compatible with your machine.

Job Name:
Job #: 80-21060 Description: OEM
Enclosure Type: 4 Largest Motor: 5 H.P.
Voltage: 240V, 60Hz, 3Ph Total 15.2 F.L.A
Voltage: 120V, 60Hz, 1Ph Total <1 F.L.A
Voltage: 24VDC, 60Hz, 1Ph Total <1 F.L.A
Project Mngr: LK Built By: SC Tested By: TT
SHORT CIRCUIT RATING:
THIS CONTROL PANEL WAS DESIGNED
TO BE CONNECTED TO A POWER
SOURCE CAPABLE OF DELIVERING NOT
MORE THAN 5 KA @240V, 120V, & 24VDC
AVAILABLE FAULT CURRENT.
SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION
PROVIDED BY OTHERS.
TORQUE RATINGS:
5.4-7.1 LBS-IN (UT4)
USE COPPER CONDUCTORS
ONLY RATED @ 60°C MIN

(example ratings label)

## **Device Diagram**

E.
(B) A A A

A	Primary input power for the MMC
В	Output to the milling machine spindle motor
С	Auxiliary input power for the MMC (typically 120VAC) **
D	Auxiliary outputs for power feed motors **
E	Forward/Reverse Switch
F	3-Button Control Panel (start/stop/e-stop)
G	System Reset Button **

### **Installation Overview**



### **Preparing For Installation**

- 1. Make plans for this machine to be completely off-line for the entirety of this installation. Include a generous amount of time for troubleshooting, verification, and shipment of any replacement parts (just in case).
- Ensure that the machine has been disconnected from all sources of energy (electrical plugs, compressed air, etc.) then lockout and tagout any connections that could supply energy to the machine.
- 3. Note other machines and devices are on the same electrical circuit so you can inform other machine operators (in case a wiring error trips the breaker).
- 4. Have multiple spare fuses on hand (see later section for fuse locations).
- 5. Ensure the installation site has adequate circuit protection for the control panel supply cable and the panel itself (see panel ratings).
- 6. Verify that the control panel ratings match the machine the panel is being installed on.
- 7. Plan the physical mounting of the control panel. Additional mounting hardware and mounting flanges have been provided.
- 8. Open the control panel and gently remove any shipping materials or filler.
- 9. Once shipping materials have been removed, visually inspect the control panel interior for parts, wires, or connections that may have been damaged during shipping.
- 10. If the machine is three-phase, take note of the machine's existing direction of rotation.
- 11. Review this entire manual before beginning work.

**Warning:** This guide is meant as a helpful aide but is not a replacement for electrical expertise or qualifications. All electrical work should be performed by someone qualified to do the work. It is the installers sole responsibility to perform the installation in compliance with all local codes and standards.

### **Physical Installation**

- 1. Decide where to mount your new MMC, the forward/reverse switch, and the 3-button control panel. Select locations that satisfy the following requirements:
  - the control panel door is free to swing open
  - sufficient length of portable cord is available to route from the power source to the MMC and from the MMC to the milling machine motor
  - The forward/reverse switch and 3-button control panel are easily accessible by the machine operator
  - sufficient length of control cable is available to route from the MMC to both the forward/reverse switch and the 3-button control panel.
  - the control panel and wiring do not pose a tripping hazard and do not obstruct movement of personnel
- Once you've confirmed the locations, use the provided mounting flanges to rigidly mount the MMC, the forward/reverse switch, and the 3-button control panel to the machine frame or other solid surface.

### **Electrical Installation**

- 1. Disconnect the existing forward/reverse switch from the motor.
- 2. Connect the primary power output of the MMC directly to the spindle motor. See the device diagram above and the attached MMC schematic for additional information.

**Note:** After installation we'll check to make sure the motor is spinning the correct direction. If it isn't, you can swap any two of the motor power wires in the spindle motor junction box to correct the problem.

- Connect the primary power input of the MMC to power (e.g. NEMA plug, disconnect, etc.).
- 4. Connect the 3-button control panel to the MMC via the M12 connector.
- 5. Adjust the current setting on the Motor Protection Circuit Breaker (MPCB) to match the FLA rating of the motor.
- 6. If applicable, plug any power feed motors into the associated outputs on the MMC.

Note: This panel replaces ALL EXISTING CONTROLS on the machine. Please contact us for assistance if any other controls are present on the machine.

### **Testing & Calibration**

**Note:** If anything unexpected occurs during the power-up or testing phase, <u>immediately</u> turn off then unplug the machine.

#### 1. <u>Ground Continuity</u>

1.1. Using a multimeter, check for continuity from the power supply ground to each of the following: the steel backplate inside the MMC, an unfinished surface on the fwd/rev switch, and the motor chassis. Each reading should be less than 1 ohm of resistance.

#### 2. The first power-up

- 2.1. Remove all tooling from the spindle.
- 2.2. Ensure that the machine, the machine table, and the surrounding area is free of loose tools, debris, tripping hazards, and other secondary hazards.
- 2.3. Ensure you are wearing safety glasses and any other appropriate PPE and that others are nearby and available to assist if needed. Notify nearby machine operators that you are testing a new electrical installation.
- 2.4. Open the MAKESafe control panel and ensure that the braking torque and braking time potentiometers are at their lowest setting (full counter-clockwise, see Calibration section).
- 2.5. Ensure that the MPCB in the MMC is in the 'on' position.
- 2.6. Close the control panel.
- 2.7. Remove the lockout mechanism you put in place at the beginning of this project. If you need to leave before testing and validation is complete, ensure that the machine is locked out again before leaving.
- 2.8. Connect the primary power input of the MMC to power.
- 2.9. Connect the auxiliary power input of the MMC to power.
- 2.10. (if applicable) Reset the system by pressing the system reset button on the face of the MMC.
- 2.11. Be attentive for any out-of-place sounds or smells as you count to 10.

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#### 3. Machine Testing

- 3.1. Turn the fwd/rev switch to the 'FWD' position.
- 3.2. Ensure the machine is in the 'direct drive' configuration.
- 3.3. Turn the machine spindle on by pressing the 'start' button on your 3-button panel. Pause for a few seconds while the machine runs
- 3.4. Observe the direction of rotation of the spindle. If the spindle is rotating in the forward direction, move to the next step. If the spindle is rotating backwards, disconnect all power then return to the Electrical Installation section to swap any two motor wires. After that is complete, start again from the beginning of this section.
- 3.5. Turn the machine spindle off by pressing the 'stop' button on your button panel. Pause for a few seconds while the machine stops.
- 3.6. Turn the forward/rev switch to the 'LOW' position.
- 3.7. Turn the machine spindle on by pressing the 'start' button on your button panel(F4.B). Pause for a few seconds while the machine runs.
- 3.8. Observe the direction of rotation of the spindle. The spindle should now be rotating the opposite direction.
- 3.9. Turn the machine spindle off by pressing the 'stop' button on your button panel(). Pause for a few seconds while the machine stops.

#### 4. Installing Interlocks

To integrate an electrical interlock into your MMC, interrupt signal 0C1 by removing the terminal block jumper wire and wiring a normally-closed interlock contact in its place.

#### 5. <u>Power Feed Testing</u>

If your model has power feed protection, perform the following test for each of the power feeds.

5.1. Turn-on each of the power feed motors and confirm normal operation. Turn them all off when complete.

## **Safety Feature Testing**

Thoroughly test each safety feature and document the results as part of your risk assessment. Intended performance is described below.

- 1.1. When the machine first receives power, after a momentary loss of power, or after an e-stop, the system will be disabled and the spindle motor <u>and power feeds</u> are prevented from starting.
- 1.2. (if applicable) Pressing the system reset button will reset the machine. Any of the following conditions will prevent the system from resetting:
  - primary power is not available (if applicable)
  - auxiliary power is not available (if applicable)
  - a connected power feed motor is still in the 'on' position (if applicable)
  - the emergency stop button was pressed and has not been reset
- 1.3. If the machine is running, any of the following actions will turn off the spindle:
  - Pressing the stop button on your 3-button control panel
  - Pressing the emergency stop button on your 3-button control panel
- 1.4. If any of the following conditions are true, the spindle will not start:
  - The emergency stop button was pressed and has not been reset
  - Any circuit protection device has been tripped
- 1.5. The only way the spindle can start is if the spindle on button is pressed. No other conditions will start the machine, including:
  - Resetting the emergency stop button
  - Restoring power to the machine after loss of power
- 1.6. The only way the power feeds can start is if they are manually started. No other conditions will start the power feeds, including:
  - Resetting the emergency stop button
  - Restoring power to the machine after loss of power

## **Inspections & Maintenance**

#### 1. Inspections

MAKESafe Tools recommends that the Safety Feature Testing described above be performed regularly, with the inspection interval determined by the risk assessment.

#### 2. Maintenance

### **Circuit Protection**

Your MMC has multiple levels of circuit protection. Refer to the table and image below for more information.

Image	Description	Reset / Replacement
	Motor Protection Circuit Breaker (MPCB) Provides protection against short-circuit and motor overload	Reset manually by rotating THE handle CCW to the 'OFF' position then CW back to the 'ON' position. Dial on MPCB should be set to match the FLA rating of the motor.
The second se	Auxiliary Fuses * Protects auxiliary systems or power feeds	Spares recommended. Replace with fuses of the same rating.

\* Auxiliary fuses protect option equipment and may not be present on your MMC.

\*\* In the event of a fault, always replace both fuses in a pair (even if only one tripped).

### Troubleshooting

Problem	Potential Solution(s)	
Your machine will not start.	Solution 1: Reset the emergency stop button by pressing it down then twisting it gently clockwise until you feel it pop out. Solution 2: Remove power from the control panel and check all	
	circuit protection elements. See previous section for locations. If any elements have tripped, identify the fault before resetting.	
The circuit breaker or motor overload trips often.	Solution 1: Check the motor and identify faults.	
ovendad trips often.	Solution 2: Adjust the motor overload setting on the MPCB.	

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# Service & Support

If you have any questions or your device needs service, please contact us! A real person will always answer the phone (or promptly call you back).

# (415) 937-1808

(this number accepts both calls and text messages)

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(live chat available on website)